





## Hopkinsville Kentuckian.

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MORNINGS, BY  
CHAS. M. MEACHAM

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FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

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## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

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FOR COUNTY JUDGE

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FOR ATTORNEY

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“ 4.—Geo. P. Rives.  
“ 5.—J. E. Stevenson.  
“ 6.—J. R. Torian.  
“ 8.—R. F. Overton.  
FOR CONSTABLE.  
Dist. 2.—T. S. Winfree.

An Italian birdman has made a record of 920 miles without a stop.

It is reported that Constantinople is again to be hung up as the prize of Russian loyalty.

Gov. Goodrich is very ill with typhoid fever in an Indianapolis hospital.

More than 200,000 war volunteers have joined the regular army in the United States since April 1.

Coal operators are still wrangling with the government and demanding an additional pound of flesh.

More than 1,000 officers have already reported at Camp Taylor. So far as possible, each locality will be represented by its own officers.

Many has promised Argentine freedom of the seas and in return for the sinking of the steam-

Italians are still occupying the war stage, having made advances and taken 1,000 prisoners.

Ornella Alexander Beach, of New York, was arrested in Washington taking part in the woman's suffrage picketing of the white house.

There has been a bad week for the Russians in Moldavia are showing cowardice and abandoning trenches without resistance, British ships sunk during the week. Six others reported.

For 1917 (wheat has not yet, but a wide difference has developed as to price. The committee agreed that it should be a four-fourth vote to set any representatives of the producers, it is said are holding a higher price than other years and are unwilling to concede.

## THE MARKET BASKET

(Prices at Retail)

Eggs per dozen.....35  
Butter per pound.....40  
Breakfast bacon, pound.....50  
Bacon, extras, pound.....32  
Country hams, large, pound.....32  
Country hams, small, pound.....35  
Lard, pure leaf, pound.....32  
Lard, 50 lb. tins.....\$12 50  
Lard, compound, pound.....25  
Cabbage, per head......05  
Irish potatoes.....40c per peck  
Lemons, per dozen......35  
Cheese, cream, per lb......35  
Sugar, 100 pounds.....\$10 50  
Flour, 24-lb sack.....\$1 75  
Cornmeal, bushel.....\$2 30  
Oranges, per dozen 30s ta.....50c  
Cooking Apples per peck.....35  
Onions per pound......05c  
Navy beans, pound.....20c  
Black-eyed peas.....15c  
Spring Chickens pound.....25c

## That Was the Reason.

"The paper states that you pleased a big audience at the banquet last night." "The paper is wrong. I did not appear." "Um, I guess the paper is right."

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce

JOHN W. RICHARDS

as a candidate for City Commissioner in the non-partisan primary election October 20, 1917.

We are authorized to announce

R. T. STOWE, SR.,

as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville, subject to the action of the non-political primary election to be held Saturday, October 20 th.

We are authorized to announce

CHARLES O. PROWSE.

as a candidate for City Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville, subject to the action of the non-partisan primary election to be held Saturday August 20, 1917.

We are authorized to announce

WILLIAM R. WICKS

as a candidate for re-election to the office of Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville subject to the action of the non-political primary election to be held on Saturday Oct. 20, 1917.

We are authorized to announce

DR. FRANK H. BASSETT.

as a candidate for Mayor of the City of Hopkinsville, under the commission form of government, subject to the action of the special primary election to be held Saturday, October 20.

We are authorized to announce

HUNTER WOOD, JR.,

as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Hopkinsville Police Court, subject to the action of the non-partisan primary election, Oct. 20, 1917.

We are authorized to announce

J. K. TWYMAN

as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville, subject to the action of the special primary election to be held Saturday, October 20th.

We are authorized to announce

JACOB T. WALKER

as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of the City of Hopkinsville, subject to the action of the special primary election to be held Saturday, October 20th.

## Admission Free.

Jack had a little party on his birthday. His mother had told one of the little boys not to buy a present. When this little boy arrived at the party Jack said: "What did you bring?" but quickly added, "that's all right if you didn't bring anything 'cause this party's for nothing."

Every Woman Wants  
**Paxtine**  
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Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. See all druggists or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Co., Boston, Mass.

## "A SPLENDID TONIC"

Jays Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well.

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of his place. "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side..."

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there.

I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic.

Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists.

(Advertisement.)

## Love of Music Among Birds.

The theory advanced by Darwin that the singing of birds is merely a sexual characteristic, and that their power of song has been developed because only the best singers were propagated, is no longer accepted by naturalists. Thus Henry Oldys holds that birds are really motivated by a love of music similar to that experienced by human beings. In support of this contention he cites the fact that birds will sing when happy and be quiet when unhappy and that they will listen to and imitate superior singers of their own kind. Canaries are trained by other canaries of superior musical ability which are often worth large sums.

## Willows Mentioned in Bible.

Willows are mentioned in the Biblical books of Leviticus 27, Job 11, Isaiah 14, Psalms 137. The tree upon which the captive Israelites hung their harps was the Salix Babylonica. This tree is abundant on the banks of the Euphrates.

## Preferred Locals

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PALMER GRAVES.

## STATE AND COUNTY TAXES DUE.

We are now collecting state and county taxes and urge every tax payer to settle at once. This is the last year of my term and my books will close a month earlier than usual. So payments must be made earlier. J. W. SMITH.

S. C. C.

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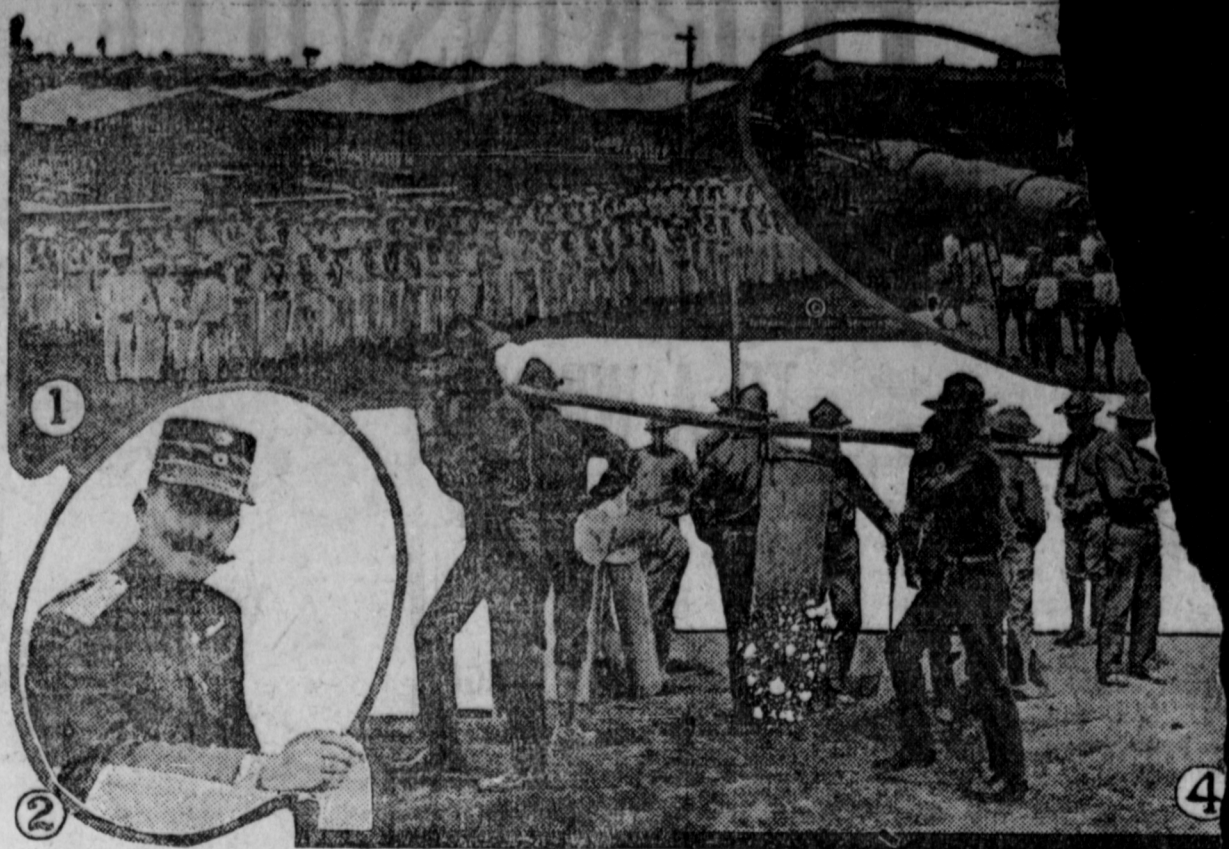
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FRANK BOYD



1—Sailors lined up on the grounds of Camp Hingham, the recently opened naval training camp near Boston. 2—General Christodoulos, commander of the Greek armies that are acting in conjunction with the allies. 3—Loading a 12-inch disappearing gun in one of America's coast forts. 4—American soldiers in camp in France carrying water in huge cans.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

British, French and Italians  
Crush Teuton Legions at  
the Same Time.

## FIERCEST FIGHTING OF WAR

Russia's Military, Economic and Political Troubles Are Disturbing—  
Pope's Peace Proposals Discussed  
—President Wilson Regulates  
the Prices of Coal  
in America.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Civilians far from the seat of war wondered why the allies did not deliver their smashing blows at the kaiser at the same time, giving him no opportunity to shift his troops from one front to another, instead of taking turns in hitting him. That is just what they did last week, for British, French and Italians all began offensives that developed into the most furious battles of the war so far. The Anglo-French forces near the Belgian coast vigorously renewed the attacks begun the previous week and pushed forward. The British hurled themselves against the defenses of Lens and forced their way further into the outskirts of that coal center, repulsing all counter-attacks. General Petain's men attacked along the Chemin des Dames, and then delivered a series of smashes at the Germans in the Verdun sector, taking the twin summits of Dead Man's hill and other strong positions that the crown prince had held for a year and more. In Alsace there was lively fighting. At the same time the Italians were carrying on a monster offensive against the Austrians along the entire Julian, Isonzo and Carno fronts, from Piava to the sea. The Austrian defenses were leveled by a terrific artillery fire, new crossings of the Isonzo were forced, and Cadrona's troops advanced considerably on their way to Trieste despite the difficulties of the terrain.

Wednesday the British again attacked fiercely in the Ypres region and after a bloody combat succeeded in taking important positions along the Ypres-Menin road. A little further north, in the blood-soaked Langemark-Fresenberg sector, they hit the enemy hard in an effort to take the ridge, known as Emil 35, where the Irish made a gallant but losing fight the week before.

## Germans Resist Stoutly.

The Germans have massed immense numbers of troops at the points of attack and are resisting desperately and making almost continuous counter-attacks, but up to the time of writing they had been unable to regain any of the lost ground.

All the allied armies took great numbers of prisoners and guns and inflicted terrible losses on their hard-fighting opponents, and they themselves lost many men, for the attacks were delivered with rather less than the usual regard for life. In Flanders and France the tanks played a large part, and on all fronts the aviators were extraordinarily active and bold. The Italians introduced one novelty. When their assaulting troops moved forward they were preceded by a squadron of airplanes forming the first line and using their machine guns on the Austrians at short range.

General Pershing and other American officers were present at the new battle of Verdun.

## Disturbing News From Russia.

The week's news from Russia was rather disquieting. Petrograd presented to America and the entente allies a statement indicating that Russia would be unable to continue in the war unless immediate, adequate and continuing assistance were given. She has no intention of making separate peace, but says she cannot keep up the fight unless her associates furnish her with more arms and munitions.

The threat of the I. W. W. to tie up the industries of the West, including the harvest, if their leaders were not released was met promptly by the arrest of a lot more of the gang, and the great strike fizzled out miserably. No sooner was this trouble passed than the machinists and boiler-makers, employed in the Atlantic coast shipyards, were called on to quit. This of course would put a stop to vast amounts of government naval work, and the United States mediators got busy at once. Several thousand men stopped work, but most of them either pledged Secretary Daniels that they would not quit, or delayed action until a vote could be taken.

## President Cuts Coal Prices.

Having started Mr. Hoover well on the food conservation campaign, President Wilson last week turned to the almost equally pressing coal problem, which for several weeks had been exercising the wits of various state administrations. Having studied the production cost figures supplied him by the trade commission, the president issued an executive order fixing a tentative scale of prices for bituminous coal at the mines in nearly all coal producing districts of the country. These prices in some instances are more than \$1 a ton below the voluntary prices fixed at the conference last June. The scale is subject to change when a method of administering the fuel supplies of the country has been determined and put into operation.

Later in the week the president named Dr. Harry Garfield fuel administrator, fixed anthracite prices for producers and jobbers and set a limit on profits to be made by bituminous wholesalers.

The senate spent most of the week in consideration of the revenue bill. Among other things it increased the finance committee's income tax provisions by a total return to the treasury of \$73,000,000, adopting unanimously the Gerry amendment, which adds \$40,000,000 to the returns from incomes of half a million and over.

## Japan's Mission in Washington.

The imperial Japanese mission was formally received in Washington by Secretary Lansing and other government officials on Wednesday. Its head, Viscount Ishii, made it clear that the mission has come not on a commercial or political errand, but to decide on how the two nations can best cooperate, in both a military and an economic sense, in carrying on the war.

The neutral countries of Europe—so-called, though no country there is any longer really neutral—are still trying to get around the American embargo that is so painful to their pocketbooks and their stomachs; but the indications are that unless they quit supplying Germany with foodstuffs, their suffering will only increase. Switzerland and Holland, which depend on Germany for coal, have contracted to lend the kaiser large sums in return for the privilege of continuing to buy their fuel from his country.

Hungary took a real step toward democratization and freedom from German and Austrian influence in the appointment of Dr. Alexander Wekerle as Hungarian premier, to succeed Esterhazy. The new premier is popular, Democratic, a financial genius and is known to be no friend of Germany. The new nationalist movement in Hungary has attained great strength, and it is said King Charles is in complete harmony with the desires of the nation.

German aviators distinguished themselves last week by another raid on English coast towns in which 11 persons were killed, and by deliberately bombing two French hospitals behind the Verdun lines and then shooting down the doctors and nurses, who were trying to rescue the wounded soldiers from the resulting conflagration. It would seem that the chivalry of aviators is one-sided.

Negro soldiers of the Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, stationed at Houston, Tex., as guards during the construction of Camp Logan, started a serious race riot, in which a dozen white civilians, police officers and National Guardsmen, and a number of negroes were killed, and more than a

out of Moldavia within three weeks and last Monday the Germans began an offensive in the Riga region that forced the Slavs back toward that city. At the south end of the line the Romanians still are making valiant effort to hold back the invaders. There is no longer any doubt of the bravery of the Russians or of their desire to keep on fighting the common enemy of the world, but it seems that they cannot themselves surmount the great economic obstacles that confront them.

The governmental troubles of Russia also are approaching a crisis. "extraordinary national council" is about to meet in Moscow, the constitutional Democrats, discontentedness men and dismissed generals, are there ready to demand changes. On the other side stand the cabinet and the Socialist left. In preliminary discussions Prince Lvov, General Alexieff and others attacked the cabinet, excepting only Kerensky, and declared the government had fallen into the hands of corrupt men of Petrograd who think only of their own interests. The Socialist order that destroyed discipline in the army was bitterly criticized.

As had been foreseen, the peace proposals were received with all the belligerent nations, but more than an undercurrent of skepticism by the allies. No definite reply to them has been made at this writing by any government, but representatives of the different parties in Germany all indorsed in general the German plan, and it is believed Berlin may go so far as to offer autonomy to Alsace-Lorraine, which of course would not in any degree satisfy France. Austria, too, as was expected, approves the proposals, but insists any settlement must include the abandonment of Great Britain's naval bases at Gibraltar, Malta and the Suez canal. Can one imagine Great Britain willingly dismantling these guardian posts of the route to her immense domains in the Orient? The vociferous assertions of the German press that the pope's proposals were not inspired by Germany and the intimations that they really were due to British suggestions can only be considered as more "bunk" to serve to confirm the suspicion that the plan had its inspiration in Teutonic sources.

## German Poison Gas in America

The poison gases emitted by the German press and all the other trade agencies in America are not going noticeably less in amount of violence, but Uncle Sam is beginning to apply the antidote with considerable vigor. In many cities "soap boxes" are being gathered in by fire agents and several more rabid have been denied the use of the streets. The German-American press of large cities is still too clever to reject itself to that penalty, but keeps on its present course and some means will be found to stop it. Regrettably it must be said that the large proportion of Germans in America—naturalized—proving disloyal to their adoption. This is shown in instances as the annual picnic of the Schwabenverein in Chicago, where several days the assembled Germans occupied themselves in denigrating America's entry into the war, the president, sneering at our forces and making fun of the National Army. The same is going on all over the land. Teutons get together, but they are trying to reap a harvest of themselves, for the men of the moment of justice are cognizant of words and acts. It is common belief that the great mass of Americans are truly loyal, and that the more ignorant and disloyal by the falsehoods of secret agents and by the actions of the La Follette, the Masons and the Williamsons for whom all nations can blush.

Former Ambassador to the United States, prominent men found



## CURED BY SERVICE IN ARMY

Confederate Veteran, Condemned by Doctor to Die in Six Months, Alive and Healthy at 77.

It is a curious thing how war service has been the making of many a man in a physical sense," remarked Maj. W. B. Howard of New Orleans, a Confederate veteran. "When I went into the Confederate army my doctor told me that I had tuberculosis and the chances were against my living for six months longer. I was weak and emaciated to a painful degree, and I had not the remotest doubt but that my doctor had made a true prophecy.

"I had made up my mind to join General Lee's army anyway, and, after the mortal diagnosis of the physician, I was doubly anxious to go to the front. 'If I am going to die of disease,' thought I, 'it were just as well to have my existence terminated by a Yankee bullet.' Lo and behold! here I am now a sprightly old man of seventy-seven and with no idea of shuffling off the mortal coil for at least another decade. That four years' service in the Confederate army made me healthy and robust, and my experience was that of many another weakling. Life in the open air and sunshine beats all the medicine in the world, and you will find that the boys who come back from the battlefields of Europe, if any of them go over there, will return much better specimens of physical manhood than when they went."

## ALL MUST BE ABLE TO READ

Exemptions in New Immigration Law in Favor of Russian Jews Nullified by Revolution.

The new immigration law assumes a new interest in view of the changed conditions in Russia.

This law excluded all alien immigrants more than sixteen years of age who cannot read some language. But it exempts certain classes—exceptions that are inserted mainly in the interest of Russian Jews. Any immigrant who can show that he comes to the United States to escape religious and economic persecution is admissible whether he can read or not.

This is the motive that has impelled practically all the Russian Jewish immigration of the last 30 years, says World's Work. Thus the new immigration law, had conditions remained intact, would have excluded practically no immigrants such as congregated in large numbers on the East side of New York. With the removal of all religious and economic disabilities in Russia as a result of the Russian revolution, this claim can no longer be made, and Russian Jews will now have to be able to read, like all other immigrants.

**Toronto Like American City.**  
Toronto is the most American of the great Canadian cities, and also the most Canadian.

"American" is here used as the Canadian uses it, to mean the United States. The more geographical fact that Canada is in America does not count for anything with him. When he says the American election or American whisky he means United States.

Toronto, being near the border, doing business with and after the fashion of the United States and lacking the picturesque element in its population that makes Montreal and Quebec different, is very much like Buffalo, or any of several cities right across the border. The people wear the same kind of clothes and talk the same kind of slang, the buildings are the same and the same articles are sold in the stores.

### War Conservation.

"In the midst of monster destruction," writes Isaac F. Marcossion in Everybody's, "an enormous conservation is achieved. Only the dead are laid away. Nothing is 'scrapped.' They make lace out of castoff shoes; redeem shattered guns; convert refuse fat into glycerine; replenish the flickering fires of life itself. War is not all waste.

"And when this moving picture, more animated than any imaginative play ever thrown upon cinema screen, has passed before you, you realize, even before a single shot is fired, that energy and organization of the highest order have been tested to a well-nigh incredible extent.

"It dawns on you that war is work!"

### Apple Fruit of Many Uses.

There is no fruit that lends itself to so many varied uses as the apple. It may be evaporated or dried and kept an indefinite period and then cooked in much the same way as fresh fruit. There are also many by-products. The juice is pressed and used according to its age and stages of fermentation as sweet cider, hard cider or vinegar. The whole apple and even the parings from the evaporators are used for apple butter, jellies, jams, etc., and in recent years the culls and cores from the evaporators have been dried and sold for \$4 a ton for export to Europe and returned to us later in the form of high priced "imported wines."

### Foodstuffs Instead of Cotton.

Planters in the fertile Laguna district near Torreón, Mexico, are substituting war crops for cotton this year. Having learned that the demand for corn, wheat and other staple foodstuffs would be heavy and prices correspondingly high, the Mexican hacienda owners have plowed up their cotton lands in this famous cotton-growing district of central Mexico and have planted food crops.

# L. & N.

## Time Card

Effective Apr. 15, 1917.

### TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 92—C. & N. O. Lim. 12:21 a. m.  
No. 51—St. L. Express 5:29 p. m.  
No. 95—Dixie Flyer 9:32 a. m.  
No. 55—Hopkinsville Ac. 7:00 a. m.  
No. 53—St. L. Fast Mail 6:36 a. m.

### TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 92—C. & N. O. Lim. 6:29 a. m.  
No. 52—St. L. Express 10:20 a. m.  
No. 94—Dixie Flyer 7: 5 p. m.  
No. 56—Hopkinsville Ac. 8:55 p. m.  
No. 54—St. L. Fast Mail 10:14 p. m.

No. 51 connects at Guthrie for Memphis and points as far south as Erin, and for Louisville, Cincinnati and the East.

Nos. 53 and 55 make direct connection at Guthrie for Louisville, Cincinnati and all points north and east hereof.

No. 93 carries through sleepers to Atlanta, Macin, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, and Tampa, Fla. Also Pullman sleepers to New Orleans. Connect at Guthrie for points East and West. No. 93 will not carry local passengers for points north of Nashville, Tenn.

W. N. CHANDLER, Ticket Agent.

## THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF THE NEW YORK WORLD

IN 1917

Practically a Daily at the Price of a Sunday. No other newspaper in the world gives so much at so low a price.

The value and need of a newspaper in the household was never greater than at the present time. The great war in Europe now half way into its third year, a. m., whether peace be attained, yet so far off, it and the events to follow it are sure to be of absorbing interest for many a month to come.

These are world-shaking affairs, in which the United States, waiting for the outcome, has a deep and direct interest. No intelligent person can ignore such issues.

THE THRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper at the

HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKIAN (Tri-weekly.)

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$3.00

### 300 Hide in One Tree.

At Ellerslie, where William Wallace was born, there is an oak which is 21 feet in circumference. One summer when the tree was in full leaf, Wallace and 300 of his soldiers are said to have hidden away in its upper branches, escaping capture by the English.

### Bacteria Long Lived.

How long some bacteria may live under proper conditions is brought out by M. W. Lyon, Jr., of George Washington university in a letter to Science. He tells of a culture of organisms of paratyphoid kept for more than ten years sealed in a test tube at Howard university, which, when transferred to another medium, produced the reactions that proved the bacteria to be alive and active.



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## NATION OF BREAD WASTERS

United States Only Country Where People Throw Away the Crusts, Declares Traveler.

"Of all the lands that I have visited," says Sir Rabindranath Tagore, "the United States is the only one where a person eats the inside of a slice of bread and throws away the crust." That the East Indian poet, philosopher and traveler meant this literally is apparent from the observation that bread is the food most commonly wasted in American households. Because bread has been the most inexpensive food of the diet for many years it has often been wasted. Now the habit persists in spite of its increased cost.

Good, fresh bread has a spongy texture which in time disappears, leaving it dry and crumbly, the moisture gradually passing out through the crust.

There soon will be no stale bread taken back by bakeries, and it is well to know how to use it. Bread a little too stale to be appetizing may be freshened by putting it into the oven a few minutes. Rolls and biscuits, which dry out more rapidly than loaves of bread, may be freshened by immersing them quickly in boiling water and putting them into a hot oven to dry out. They may be served hot and will taste as fresh as when first baked.

There are innumerable delicious dishes that may be made from dry bread, from bread puddings through the list of escalloped dishes which use bread crumbs. Any cook book yields a number of recipes. The nutritious elements remain in bread even when it is dry.

## RAY OF HOPE



Wife—John, if I ever catch you making eyes at that Smith girl again I'll never speak to you again.

Hubby—Honest? Will you take an oath?

## WISDOM OF CENSORSHIP.

The British newspaper fraternity loses no opportunity to hammer at the restrictions and excesses of the censorship. The latest skit runs somewhat as follows: "Cannon to the left of them, cannon to the right of them, cannon behind them, volleyed and thundered." So quoted the enthusiastic war correspondent. But the censor cut out this passage. "Can't be giving away the positions of our artillery," commented he, sagely.—The Argonaut.

## SHE GOT IT.

Miss Black—I'm disgusted with my dressmaker. My new costume doesn't fit a little bit!

Miss White—Well, I heard you tell her you wanted it "awful bad."

## A DISCONSOLATE SLACKER.

"Bliggins says he is worrying about his health."  
"He is. The doctors can't suggest the slightest ground on which he can apply for exemption."

## CONSERVE!

Morgan poured oil on the forty thieves.  
"What a waste of fat in war times," we protested.

## THE REASON.

"This found we are trying to sing is going very badly."  
"No wonder. You are playing it on a square piano."

## TOO SUGGESTIVE.

Hobo Bill—I dreamed all last night dat I wuz sawing wood. Either you gotta cure yourself of snoring or we part at de first crossroads.

## THE SIMILE OF EXPERIENCE.

"Jack Dashing is always making love to a different girl."  
"Yes, that fellow's as fickle as a last year's hammock rope."

## WRONG IN HIS DIMENSIONS

Inventor of Fishing Machine Causes Skepticism by Referring to Water in Terms of "Square Feet."

An enterprising inventor has announced that he has perfected a fishing machine capable of removing "all the fish from 92,000,000 square feet of water per minute."

The only point of this announcement that offers us any comfort is the dimensional value given in the reference to water, says the Boston Transcript. It seems likely that this predatory fishing machine may not be as efficient as it sounds. If this inventor considers water, as a medium for the support of ichthyological life, in terms of "square feet," it does not seem as if he could be a very practical man, and probably his fishing machine is as seriously defective as Darius Green's flying machine. Even to sustain goldfish water must have three dimensions.

If it were not for this superficial evidence of error, there might be reason to feel some alarm over this announcement. As it is, perhaps there is little danger that the waters will be rendered fishless by any mechanical device in the near future, and for a time we may continue to have some fun with hooks, line and bait.

## HOW HE TURNED THE TABLES

Noted Artist Put Inquisitive Interviewer to Flight When He Assumed Role of Questioner Himself.

A noted artist was recently visited by an interviewer, who fired at him from a question-sheet questions such as these:

"Were your parents artistic? Which of your paintings do you consider your best work? When, where, and why did you paint it? How much did it bring you in? Who is your favorite dead master? Favorite living master? What is your income from art? How much—"

But at this point the artist seized the interviewer by the arm and began in his turn:

"Just a moment, please. What is your name, age, and salary? Is journalism with you a life-work or merely a means to a higher literary end? How do you like your editor? State his faults and salary. What was the best interview you ever wrote? Give a brief summary of same. Have you ever been fired? How does it feel? Where—"

But here the interviewer, jerking his arm from the painter's grasp, fled from the studio, and the artist cheerfully resumed his work.—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

## BRITISH POSTMEN IN WAR.

Some wonderful figures of the work of the British post office are given in the report of the British postmaster general for 1915-16. Of 70,000 employees who have joined the colors, 3,000 have fallen. The Victoria Cross has been won by two postmen; eight officers have received the D. S. O. and twenty-five the military cross; 126 men have gained the distinguished conduct medal and 62 the military medal, while 201 have been mentioned in dispatches.

## NO COMPETITOR.

"They say, Mrs. Jaggs, that the tanks they are using in France have remarkable capacity."

"I'll venture to say that in that line they haven't anything on Mr. Jaggs."

## RARE.

"It's a very rare disease."  
"What has he?"  
"Something brought on by overwork."

## CAUSE FOR ALARM.

"Shylock, did you ever get stage fright?"  
"Yes, the night an ex-landlady sat in the front row."

## COMMANDS.

"Do you believe the adage that money talks?"  
"Well, I've heard of money orders."—The Lamb.

## JUST IT.

"What did the bride say about the pretty flat that you picked out for her?"  
"She said it was a suite thing."

## THEN SHE QUIT.

"Didn't she used to fall down and worship him?"  
"She did until he fell down."—Judge.

## For Boys and Girls Fountain Pens Are Sure to Please.



## Birthday Presents that are Useful

Any girl or boy—any man or woman—would appreciate a good fountain pen.

Every day of the year—almost every hour of the day—such a present can be put to a practical use.

There are many makes of fountain pens. And many styles and sizes in the various makes. So if we can be of any service to you in helping you choose the best fountain pen on the market for your particular purpose, just drop in and see us.

**J. O. COOK**  
DRUGGIST

Among the many monuments to General Sherman, the one situated in Calvary Cemetery, St. Louis, is a most unique, compelling design. The very character of its architecture seems to emphasize the faithful and honorable spirit of this old warrior.



We believe in being faithful to a trust. We believe in being honorable in our dealings. We do a high-charactered work at a reasonable price.

**McCLAUD & ARMSTRONG**

509 N. Main St., Hopkinsville, Ky.

Telephone 490.

3812

## City Bank & Trust Co.

Capital - - - - \$ 60,000.00  
Surplus & Profits 115,000.00

Hopkinsville's "Honor Roll" Bank and Trust Co.

With 43.50 43.55 Salaries, Light and Heat, years of success, Coal, Books and Paper, generations of business, and ing for every movement to build up and better this community.

3 Per Cent Interest on Time Deposits.

**Lone Star**

Only one night Memphis to Texas

No missing connections—entire train runs through, Memphis to Texas. Leave Memphis 10:10 p. m. Arrive Dallas 12:17 next noon, Ft. Worth 2:00 p. m. Another through train

**to Texas**

Iva. Memphis 9:35 a. m. Enjoy our famous dining car service. LOW FARES TO TEXAS. L. C. Barry, T. P. A., 83 Todd Building, Louisville, Ky.

**COTTON BELT ROUTE**

Advertise in The KENTUCKIAN



## NO SECRETS FROM ASSESSOR

When He Calls This Time  
You Must Give Clean  
Show-Down.

OR LOSE THE PROPERTY

If Not Listed The Penalty Is  
100 Per Cent on  
Property.

The official assessment blanks for making 1917 State and county tax levy, which will determine the amount of taxes every citizen of Christian county, man or woman, who owns property, will have to pay under the new State tax law enacted by the legislature at a special session last spring have been received by County Assessor W. J. McGee, and will be ready for use when he and his deputies start on their rounds next Saturday to list property "as of September 1." The blanks came from the office of the State Tax Commission at Frankfort.

While the terms of the new law have been fairly well understood by those interested in the subject, the publication of these assessment lists has been awaited with the keenest interest by property owners in all parts of Kentucky, as the majority of people who pay taxes desire to learn for themselves the meaning of the law by studying the assessment schedules.

The most noteworthy fact in the new tax law, as brought out in the assessment lists and the portions of the law quoted, is the heavy penalty provided for failure to report property for assessment. Before the law was passed a person who failed to report the ownership of bonds or stock in an outside corporation or notes of hand was in danger at some time or other being sued for back taxes, when the full amount of the tax could be collected, with 6 per cent. interest. All

this is changed in the new law, and a penalty of 100 per cent. of the face of the tax bill is imposed for failure to report, and penalties with interest may be collected as far back as ten years. Everybody must pay taxes on everything they have to the State, exactly as under the old general property tax system. The only change is that bonds, stocks in foreign corporations, accounts due, notes representing money loaned on mortgages, etc., will hereafter pay taxes only to the State; these classes of property, together with a certain amount of machinery used in manufacture, are exempt from county and city taxation, but taxes on everything must be paid to the State.

All real estate and improvements are, of course, included in this general property schedule, but the exhaustiveness of the schedule on this subject indicates that real property will probably bear a higher tax next year. Owners of farm lands will be required to fill up a long schedule, showing how many acres are under cultivation, how many acres are in timber, how many acres are underlaid with minerals, how close the land is located to railroads and public turnpikes and complete information about all farm buildings.

The inquiries into the live stock of farmers are equally as exhaustive. The farmer will be required to fill up schedules showing exactly how many horses, cows and mules he owns, together with information as to their breeding and value. This is not half, however. There are separate places of the lists to show how many goats, hogs, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks and "other fowls," if there be any.

He will also have to include in the list agricultural implements, even down to "saws, axes, hatchets and hammers;" agricultural products raised last year in hands of producer; motor vehicles, carriages and bicycles; coal and provisions on hand; musical instruments; paintings and pictures; libraries; jewelry; household and kitchen furniture; gold; silver and plated ware; dogs over four months old; patent rights, copyrights and trademarks; annuities and royalties; building and other materials and a large variety of miscellany, such as guns, pistols, clocks, trunks, sewing

machines, instruments, wearing apparel, etc.

The residents of cities, towns and villages must make returns equally minute. Each lawyer must report the number of law books in his library, and also the amount of money owing to him in fees. Each doctor must return the number of books in his medical library and the amount owing to him by patients. All citizens must report the number of books in their private libraries, number of chairs, desks and tables, number and value of paintings, watches, pieces of jewelry, household and kitchen furniture.

The State also wants to know, as shown by these schedules, how many bushels of corn, wheat, rye, oats, buckwheat, etc., were on hand when the list is filled, and also how many gallons of molasses, bushels of potatoes, onions, carrots, beans, etc., that may be held for individual use or for sale as of September 1.

In the general property schedule are also exhaustive lists for merchants to show the value of their stock.

Intangible personal property is taxable for State purposes on 40 cents on the \$100. The schedule for this class of property includes among other things, par value of bonds, actual value of bonds, face and actual value of unsecured notes, face and actual value of notes secured by mortgages or other liens which mature within five years; par and actual value of all shares of stock in any corporation, association or joint stock company, except building and loan associations, not paid on by the company or association; cash value of certificates, or contracts in such companies or associations; face and actual value of accounts owing for legal, medical, dental or professional services; face and actual value of accounts for money loaned, or goods, wares or merchandise purchased; amounts owing for wages, salary earned, annuities, royalties, open accounts, money on deposit, checks or money orders; face value of all court judgments or allowances, or monies invested in tax or sheriff's sales.

The law provides for exemption of \$250 for a household, but this household's family, for instance, is not for parents, as householders, might claim exemption on their \$250 worth

of household goods, but their daughter possessing a piano, a diamond ring, a library or a piece of costly statuary would be compelled under the law to give in such property as her individual holding.

### After Many Years.

A woman, giving her name as Mrs. Leighman Ames Reed, of Shamrock, was busy in an effort to pass two ten-dollar Confederate bills on local merchants Saturday afternoon and succeeded in landing one of them at Sugg & Company's store. She made a purchase of fifty cents and the bill was taken by John Weir Sugg, who handed the woman \$9.50 in change. When the mistake was discovered a search was made for the woman and she was overtaken near the L. & N. station. She at first denied having any money, but when threatened with arrest she forked over ten dollars of good and legal tender and was permitted to go unmolested.

After passing the bill at Sugg & Company's the woman visited several other places and attempted to pass another bill of the same kind, but was told in each case that it was worthless.

She related to officer Buckner that the two Confederate bills were given to her by a merchant in exchange for a twenty dollar bill earlier in the day, but when asked to go to the place she could not remember where it was.—Providence Enterprise.

### DR. BEAZLEY

---SPECIALIST---

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

### Sudden Death at Crofton.

Mrs. Amanda Lowther died suddenly Wednesday afternoon at her home in Crofton. She was a native of West Virginia but had been a resident of this county for about ten years. The deceased was a sister of Mr. C. E. Mann, of Pembroke. The interment took place at Crofton Thursday.

### The Stork.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Haydon are the proud parents of a daughter, born August 29th.

## FUTURE FOR MULE PRODUCERS

Brood Mares Scarce, Rearing  
of Mule Colts Unprofit-  
able Unless Mare Earns  
Keep.

Kentucky was the pioneer State in mule production. The American Jack was developed largely in Kentucky, which made the State so greatly interested in breeding mules. Gradually the Kentucky jack stock became distributed to neighboring states and the use of heavy mares on the corn belt farms made the production of mules an important industry of other states.

The mule is so superior to the horse as farm power that he is used in the South almost exclusively, while the middle western states are calling for him in ever increasing numbers. Eventually he will be on almost every farm of the country and in use for draft purposes in the cities of the north.

Draft mules are now in unusual demand in prices ranging from \$500 to \$700 per pair. The U. S. army is in the market for classes that can be bought from \$160 to \$235 each. The small and hilly farms as well as the mines call for the 800-lb to 950-lb mules.

This demand makes the outlook for mule breeders very bright. There is a market for almost every type of mule, but the better classes are more in demand and will pay better.

If brood mares can be used on the farm for work and at the same time produce mule colts each year, the greatest profits will arise. At present prices of feed it will not pay to keep mares for mule production alone. The brood mare to be profitable must do at least work enough to earn her board and interest on her cost. The colt will be profit. If kept on the farm the mule colts can be brought to the two-year-old form on coarser and cheaper feeds. Usually they can be broken at this age and made to earn

## PAINS SHARP AND STABBING

Woman Thought She Would  
Die. Cured by Lydia E.  
Pinkham's Vegetable  
Compound.



Ogdensburg, Wis.—"I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. ERRA DONOHUE, Ogdensburg, Wis. Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

their keep from this on.

The demand promises to increase. The production in Kentucky has been falling off due to the scarcity of brood mares. The scarcity of brood mares is certain to be reflected in the high price of mules. It would seem to be the part of wisdom to conserve and mate all high grade mares to jacks, as mules are sure to be in very great demand so long as this present war lasts, and many years during the readjustment.—Blue Grass Clipper.

### To Do As Rome Does.

Following the announcement by the Ohio negro soldiers that they expect to enjoy equal privileges of white soldiers when they visit the movies, a committee of whites and negroes at Montgomery, Ala., went to the camp and gave them to understand that the segregation of the south applies to soldiers.

# ANNOUNCING

Kentucky Distributing Branch

"Perry" Thief-Proof Auto Locks

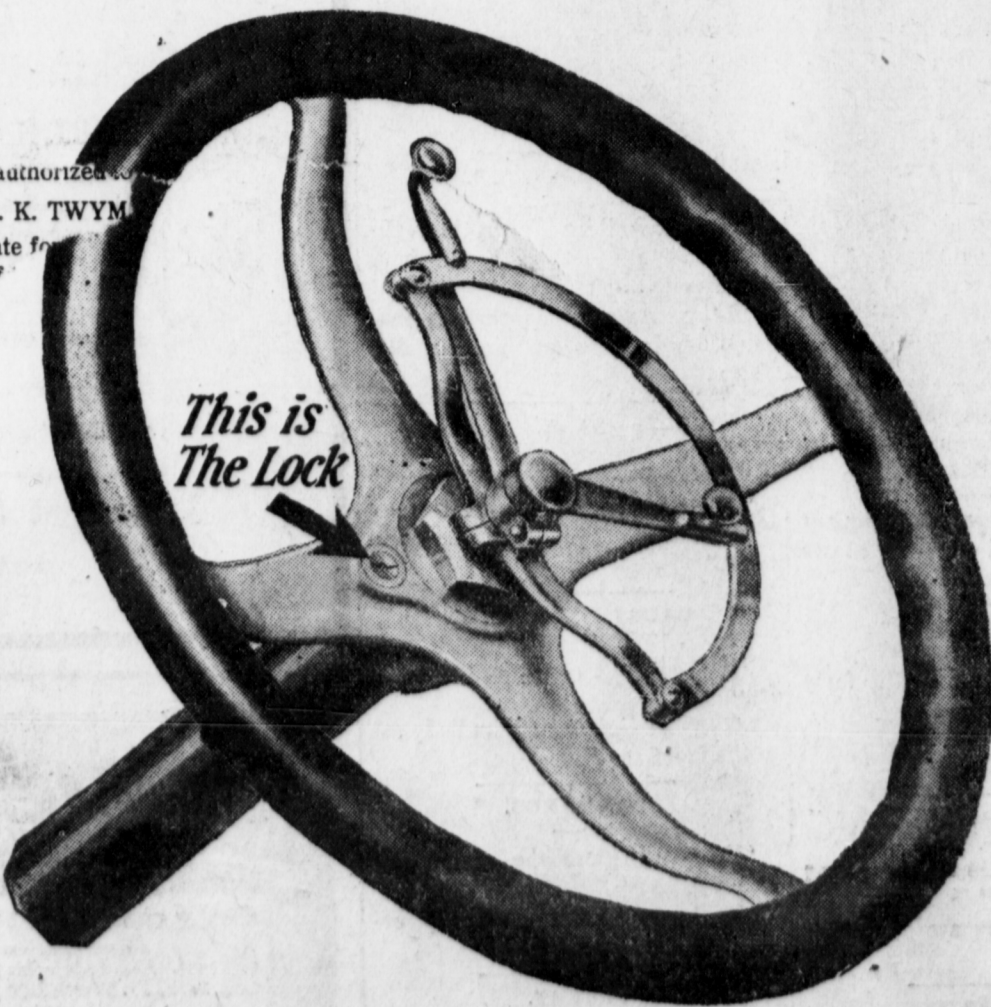
The advantages of a "Perry" Lock are perfectly plain.

It makes it impossible

drive or tow the car--it is absolutely

It can't be cut like a chain or

cross wired like an ignition lock. The Multitriples humblers laugh at skeleton keys.



This is  
The Lock

TURN THAT KEY

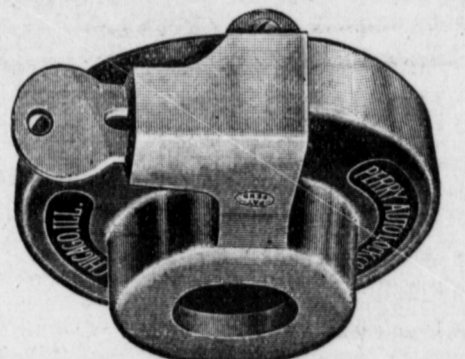
Have a "Perry"  
Installed on Your Car  
Today and

BE YOUR OWN WATCHMAN

You Cannot Go Wrong on a "Perry"  
Saves Insurance, Too!

Attention, Dealers

Write or Wire for  
Exclusive Sales Proposition



FOR FORDS

\$6.00

The "Perry" Lock for Fords replaces the standard cap on the planetary housing. Prevents theft and saves its cost in insurance rate every year.

PERRY AUTO LOCK SALES CO.

Box 482, Fulton, Ky.

Exclusive Distributors For Kentucky.



# Special Tax Announcement By the Banks of Christian County!

Under the New Tax Law of Kentucky, Which Becomes Effective September 1st 1917

Money in Hand is Taxed 40 Cents on the Hundred Dollars; Money on Deposit in Bank is Taxed 10 Cents on the Hundred Dollars

In order to encourage our people to DEPOSIT THEIR MONEY in BANK, and not to hoard or withhold it from its usefulness in developing this community, we, the undersigned banks of Christian County, have by concerted action, decided to PAY THE TAX ON MONEY ON DEPOSIT by our customers, which also includes money in SAVING ACCOUNTS, and TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, on which we pay 3 per cent. interest

**BANK OF CROFTON      BANK OF LAFAYETTE, CITY BANK & TRUST CO.      FIRST**  
**BANK OF HOPKINSVILLE, BANK OF PEMBROKE, PLANTERS BANK & TRUST CO, NATIONAL BANK**

## PURELY PERSONAL.

Miss Dollie Greenfield, of Guthrie, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lam, of Central City, are attending the fair. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Brown, South Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McPherson left yesterday for Philadelphia to visit their son, Charles J. McPherson.

Mrs. B. B. Corban and children, of Mt. Pleasant, Texas, who have been visiting Mrs. Corban's sister, Mrs. Brenda Harlow, will leave this morning for their home.

Mr. J. T. Edwards and Miss Hooser have returned from New York, where they went to purchase goods for the Edwards store.

Mrs. McJ. Smith and little son, of Guthrie, visited Mr. Geo. E. Randle's family Thursday.

## Bodies Recovered.

The body of young Whitfield, who was drowned Sunday in Cumberland river a few miles from Clarksville, was found near the city. Miss Margaret Morris' body, found Tuesday, was buried at Bowling Green.

## Pay Day Wednesday.

More than \$130,000 was paid out in salaries to the 4,000 members of the Second and Third Kentucky regiments at Camp Stanley Wednesday afternoon.

## Cloudburst In Louisville.

Damages estimated at approximately \$150,000 was caused late Wednesday in Louisville by a downpour of rain of almost the intensity of a cloudburst. Two and one-half inches of rain fell in less than two hours. Sewers were unable to carry off the water and spouted the overflow into the streets, which at some points were as much as four feet under water. The street car service was demoralized for an hour or more and thousands of persons were unable to get home from work. Diners in basement restaurants were forced to flee. The fire department was kept busy answering alarms caused by lightning and pumping out water from cellars of the Louisville and Nashville office building were flooded with a loss estimated at \$35,000.

## WEED 12 FEET HIGH.

Along with other things weeds are making new records this bountiful year. A huge weed of the richland or bull weed variety, grown on a branch of Saline creek, in Stewart county, Tenn., was brought to the Kentuckian office Wednesday. It is nearly three inches at the base and 12 feet high. It was cut by Joe Taylor, of Big Rock, Tenn., Route 2. It is but fair to Mr. Taylor to add that it grew on the bank of the creek and not in his corn field.

## GEORGE'S STEAM BAKERY.

Bakery and Confectionery.

Bread, being the staff of life, there is no more important business in any community than its production and nowhere can be found a more modern baking plant than that owned and operated by R. M. George, at 177 East 9th street. Mr. George established his business in 1894 in another town and removed here several years ago, and it filled a long felt need from the start and he has enjoyed a steadily increasing patronage during the years of its existence. Bread, cakes, pies, etc., are produced in quantities not only to supply the city but the entire surrounding country, and the product is famous for its excellency. The plant is a model of cleanliness and sanitation and has been kept abreast of the times in every detail. The plant's specialty is the famous Blue Ribbon Cream Bread which is favorably known to the housewives throughout this entire section. A general wholesale as well as a retail business is conducted, an auto delivery furnishing quick delivery over the district. Mr. George, the proprietor, is one of the older and more substantial of our business men, a thorough gentleman and an influential citizen who merits the material success he has achieved. We are proud to include such a worthy concern as this in our business directory edition.

## W. G. HORD BARBER SHOP

For a smooth shave, an artistic hair cut or a refreshing shampoo the men of this vicinity usually resort to the W. G. Hord barber shop on East 9th street, near Main. Mr. Hord, who established the business some eight years ago, is an artist in his line, a substantial citizen and withal a courteous and pleasing gentleman. His shop is well equipped and arranged, the tools and appliances kept in the best possible condition and only the best and purest soaps, tonics, lotions, etc., used. An acquaintance with this shop and with Mr. Hord and his efficient assistants, will prove an asset to any man and we cheerfully recommend it to those who are not already patrons.

## THE WALDEN BREAD COMPANY.

Bread, Cakes and Pies.

Although breadstuffs, like practically everything else, have advanced in price yet prices have been kept at the lowest possible notch and a big sized loaf may be had for ten cents at this modern bakery operated at No. 407 South Main street by the Walden Bread Company, which began business here in 1916, and has filled a long-felt want from its inception. Bread, cakes, pies, etc., are produced not only in quantities to supply the immediate city, but the entire surrounding territory as well, and the product is famous everywhere for its excellence. The plant is a model of cleanliness and sanitation and is kept abreast of the times in every detail, including an auto delivery service. The specialty of the bakery is its celebrated "Butter Crust" bread which enjoys a tremendous popularity over a large expanse of territory.

Mr. W. L. Walden, the proprietor, is a courteous and efficient business gentleman of long experience in his line and one who well deserves the success he has achieved. The plant, which employs a number of well paid workers, is located at 407 South Main street, and quick service can be had by calling Phone No. 294.

## E. H. HIGGINS, DRUGGIST.

Second Door From Court House.

At No. 3, North Main street, only two doors from the court house, is to be found the ever busy drug establishment conducted by Mr. E. H. Higgins, a druggist of long experience and great ability, and a citizen and business man who stands high in the esteem of the people of Christian county. Mr. Higgins began business here many years ago and by the best of their plant to care for the increasing

courteous manner and pleasing personality, has built up an enviable patronage and a reputation for reliability and square dealing that is second to none. In his attractive store can be found a complete stock of the best and freshest drugs and chemicals, proprietary remedies and toilet preparations, as well as a fine line of rubber goods, sick room supplies and fancy articles, all of which are offered to the trade at most reasonable prices. A specialty is made of the prescription department which is in charge of Mrs. W. H. Southall, a registered pharmacist of experience and training. A nice line of cameras and photo supplies are carried in stock. When in need of anything usually found in an up-to-date drug store you will make no mistake in calling at No. 3, N. Main street.

## THE J. H. ANDERSON COMPANY.

(Incorporated.)

Departmental Service.

No history of the commercial progress of the city and county would be complete without mention of the above firm which for thirty years has been one of the landmarks in merchandising throughout this section and whose name stands for the highest quality goods, the best and latest styles and the most courteous and efficient service. The business occupies its own commodious and well appointed sales rooms at 215 South Main street, which are completely stocked at all times with an inexhaustible supply of the very latest and best in clothing, shoes, dry goods, ladies and children's ready-to-wear, millinery and furnishings, rugs, curtains, draperies, etc., which are disposed of at the most reasonable prices. The different departments occupy four store rooms, all in charge of employees who are experts and authorities in their chosen lines, thereby assuring the best possible service to patrons. The company, which is incorporated, is composed of some of the leading business men of the city and includes J. H. Anderson, president and moving spirit of the business; Jno. H. Bell, vice-president, and Geo. W. Crenshaw, secretary-treasurer, all courteous business gentlemen whose recognized ability and high reputation for square dealing business methods is responsible in no small measure for the wonderful success the business enjoys. Hopkinsville is proud of the Anderson Department Store, an institution which would do credit to a city many times this size, and shows its appreciation by the liberal patronage it extends to the store.

## GARRISON ICE CREAM COMPANY

Manufacturers of Ice Cream and Cones.

Supplying towns within a radius of 60 miles of Hopkinsville the Garrison Ice Cream Company, located opposite Hotel Latham has built up an enviable business during the comparatively short time since its inception here in the early part of 1916 and is rapidly taking a place in the front rank of local industries. The company are manufacturers and shippers of ice cream and cones, having a capacity of 400 gallons of the finest grade cream per day which has a ready sale and an ever increasing demand. The company has established a reputation for cleanliness and sanitation by using the best possible methods in the manufacture of their product and allowing only the best and purest of ingredients to enter into their cream, all raw materials being purchased locally, whereby the proprietors assure themselves of getting the best and freshest, and at the same time provide a convenient market for local producers of milk, etc.

The plant is modern in every detail, containing all the latest machinery and appliances known to the art of making good cream, and is kept scrupulously neat and clean at all times. Six persons are furnished steady employment. The company is now contemplating a large expansion of their plant to care for the increasing

ing patronage, which will include the installation of a large mechanical cold storage department to more promptly handle their extensive shipping business.

## F. A. YOST COMPANY

(Incorporated.)

Hardware, Harness and Buggies.

One of the leading institutions of its kind in Christian county is the F. A. Yost Company, whose commodious store rooms are located at 214 and 216 South Main street, where the business was established in 1907. A general line of heavy and shelf hardware is carried and a specialty is made of auto tires, implements and tools—wagons, drills, mowers, binders, twine, seeds, fertilizers, and in fact everything needed about the farm. A complete line of the best makes of stoves and ranges is handled, as well as enamel ware of all kinds. Paints, oils and varnishes are given especial attention and only the best brands distributed. The company has had a steadily increasing patronage since its inception, and the volume of business transacted at present is immense. The firm is composed of some of the county's leading business men, and is under the active direction of Mr. D. D. Cayce, president and general manager, a gentleman of long experience in this line and one whose natural ability together with his pleasing and courteous personality account in no small degree for the phenomenal growth of the business. Mr. H. A. Yost, a gentleman who stands high in the business circles of the county, is secretary and treasurer of the company and contributes much to its efficient service. To those who have not as yet formed the business acquaintance of the F. A. Yost company you will profit by doing so at the earliest opportunity.

## CHICAGO MARKETS

(Furnished by Whitfield Bros., Odd Fellows Bldg.)

Aug. 31, 1917.

Corn—

Dec. ....	110	112½	109½	112½
May .....	107½	108½	106½	108½

Oats—

Sept. ....	56½	56½	55½	56½
Dec. ....	55½	56½	55	56½
May .....	58½	59½	58½	59½

Pork—

Sept. ....	43.95	43.95	43.50	43.55
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Lard—

Sept. ....	23.50	23.60	23.50	23.57
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Ribs—

Sept. ....	23.65	23.75	23.65	23.75
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## Hardwick's Glasses



**WHILE IN TOWN**  
**Drop in and order**  
**that pair of**  
**GLASSES**

**You have been**  
**needing.**

Let us show you how good  
 Lenses are ground.

**R. C. HARDWICK CO.**  
 TWO STORES  
 Hopkinsville, Ky.      Owensboro, Ky.

## THE HOPKINSVILLE

## PUBLIC LIBRARY

The Library Board met at the Carnegie Library Tuesday night. All the members of the board were present and the meeting was one of unusual interest. Since the July meeting the annual report of expenditures had been made to the city, as is required each year. The mayor had also re-appointed Mrs. T. C. Underwood and Mrs. W. T. Tandy for new terms on the board, their time of four years' service having expired.

At the July meeting the officers were elected for the year, as follows: Mr. Frank Rives, chairman of the board, and Mrs. Virginia Lipscomb librarian. Miss Helen Roper was also elected to the place of secretary. The annual report, which follows, shows the library to be in fine condition and to have been well supported by the city.

To the Commissioners:

We respectfully report that since our last report made to your honorable body, of date of June 30th, 1916, that the library has been kept continually open and in operation, and that the hours have been changed and same is now kept open two hours and a half in the morning and three hours and a half in the afternoon.

We now have in the library the following:

Number of volumes on hand as per last report .....	3812
Number of volumes added since last report .....	674
Making total of .....	4486
Number of volumes worn out and discarded .....	33
Leaving total No. volumes ...	4453
Number of borrowers' cards issued .....	1752
We have subscribed for and have on the tables for the use of the reading public:	
Newspapers .....	8
Magazines .....	32
Number of volumes circulated 24,569	

FINANCES:

Am't on hand July 1, 1916 .....	\$ 121.70
Appropriation from city .....	1,500
Fines, etc., collected .....	109.59
Bal. in hands of Librarian .....	
July 1, 1916 .....	\$1,787.68

EXPENDED AS FOLLOWS:

Salaries .....	\$ 779.1
Light and water .....	52.1
Coal .....	45.
Books and Periodicals .....	686
Supplies .....	24
Buildings, Furnishings and Supplies .....	107
Freight and express .....	2.
Sewerage .....	15.0
Incidentals paid by Librarian .....	24.9
Bal. in hands of Librarian .....	33.7
Bal. in hands of Commissioners .....	11
	\$1.78

## CHURCH AFFILIATION IN CONG

Member.	Percent
82 Methodists .....	
57 Presbyterians .....	
31 Episcopalians .....	
26 Baptists .....	
24 Catholics .....	
20 Congregationalists .....	
21 Christian Church .....	
7 Luthers .....	
4 Unitarians .....	
4 Dutch Reform .....	
3 Protestant Episcopal .....	
3 Jews .....	
2 Quakers .....	
2 Norwegian Lutherans .....	
1 True Life Church .....	
1 Mennonite .....	
1 United Brethren .....	
1 Christian Science .....	
10 Nothing (No relation) .....	

## BETHEL WOMAN'S COLLEGE

Hopkinsville, Ky.

Will open the 64th session on Sept. 19, 1917, under the control of the Board of Trustees, with Mrs. B. F. Eager, Dean, in charge of the Dormitory. Standard Junior College, with pleasant home for girls and young women. Board and tuition for year \$250. Write for catalogue or phone to,

MRS. B. F. EAGER,

Hopkinsville, Ky.

## MISS KATHERINE C. FOLLANSBY

## PIANO

Will Open Her Studio

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 5, 1917.

Room No. 2, Odd Fellows Building.

## WE HAVE POSEY COUNTY CANTALOUPE

5 CENTS EACH

They have a national reputation for sweetness and flavor. TRY THEM. They are delicious.

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## SOME FISHES ARE LUMINOUS

They Are the Only Vertebrates Known to Be Possessed of the Power of Light-Giving.

Luminous animals are widely scattered among the invertebrates, but the special research of Prof. Ulric Dahlgren of Princeton university shows that the only light-giving vertebrates certainly known exist in the lowest of the five classes—the fishes. Certain reports of this power in porcupines and birds, however, are thought to merit further investigation.

Of the fishes, thousands of species are undoubtedly light-producers, most of them living in the abysmal depths of the ocean, but some of them belonging near the deep-sea surface, while a few lurk about the shores under stones or buried in mud. All luminous forms are confined to salt water. Some of the sharks emit a beautiful light, a notable example being the *Spinax niger*, not more than two feet long, which lives on the muddy bottom of the deep ocean off the Asiatic coast, in the Mediterranean, and in other tropical waters. This little shark in Japan has a dark-colored back, with nearly black bands, splashes and stripes cutting into the brown of the under side of the body; and it is these dark under portions that may give out a very bright and long-continued blue-green glow.

The light-giving patches have a large number of slightly raised black points. The microscope shows that certain modified epithelium cells have each a single large granule of photogenin, the light-producing proteid, and that thicker, vacuole-containing cells above these seem to serve as irregular lenses. One of the lachian fishes—the torpedo, or electric ray—gives both light and an electric shock.

## MADE A FOOL



"You're making a fool out of me."  
"Why, you always claim to be a self-made man."

## OUR COUNTRY.

Our country produces 66 per cent of the world's petroleum, 60 per cent of its copper, 40 per cent of its coal and iron. Within 50 years our country gave in subsidies to railroads public lands that exceeded in size a territory seven times as large as the state of Pennsylvania.

## DEVOTION.

"I love every hair on my wife's head," said a man.  
"No doubt," said the wife.  
"I even feel a mild affection for the dog," said the man.  
"See knocking around on her head," said the wife.

## PREPARATIONS.

"This is Hamfat college?" asked a man.  
"The same. Here's where we teach the young idea how to shoot," said the other.  
"I met some of your boys last night," said the first man.  
"Getting loaded," said the second.

## FALSE IMPRESSIONS.

"Is there no affinity between beauty and beauty?" asked a man.  
"But there is! Just look at the beautiful blondes," said the other.

## ITS SPECIES.

"I'm afraid this rose cold is going to ruin the family," said a man.  
"It must be of the rambler species," said the other.

## DEFINED.

"When is a man a pinhead?" asked a man.  
"When he is sharper than the people he is, and keeps the point from being further," said the other.

## IN PROPORTION.

"I only regret," said a young man, "in offering his military services, that I have only one thing to give to my country."

## SHIPS' MASCOTS LOSE NERVE

Pet Animals on British Vessels Show the White Feather When Shells Begin Exploding.

There are some incidents about the mascots in the big naval battle of Jutland which are worth repeating. The mascot on the *Tiger* was a bulldog, a fine fellow. When getting into the battle the crew were a bit concerned as to how their favorite would take the crashing of high explosives on the ship, so they plugged his ears with cotton wool, wrapped his head around as if he had a heavy dose of toothache, and a couple of men took the bulldog, much to his annoyance, to a room that was thought to be as quiet as the ship could provide. The dog didn't quite fancy being treated as an invalid and resented the coddling, but when the shots began he took it pretty badly and was mighty glad he had a pat sitting on either side holding him by the paws.

Another boat had a fine, big black cat. He was overlooked when they got into action, and the first shell that came aboard this fellow got loose and took a flying dive overboard. As the boat was going about 27 knots, even the most tender-hearted Jack Tar could hardly risk going after Tommy. On another ship they had a little bantam, which strutted about more proudly than the dinkiest midshipman and with as big a show of courage as the hardest of old seadogs. The tars were proud of the "swank" their pet could assume before strangers. When the first German shell crashed on board the bantam lost all his fine show and flew down one of the ventilators. When he was rescued and photographed after the fight he presented a bedraggled appearance.—London Post.

## MUSIC NEED OF FIGHTING MEN

Blare of Band Instruments Brings Cheer to Troops and Is Just as Necessary as Ammunition.

"The blare of the trombone, the shrill note of the piccolo and the drums blending with other band instruments in a military organization give cheer to the men with the guns and is just as necessary as ammunition," says Charles H. Parsons of New York. "During the Spanish-American war the tunes happily accepted were those of the vaudeville stage, when 'There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight' was said to have led troops to the capture of San Juan hill. The old Civil war melodies having the swing of march cadence were first of all, 'Dixie,' probably used, at least hummily, by the soldiers of the North, as those who followed the 'Stars and Bars.' And it is worth while to recall that 'Dixie' was the most popular of all the melodies strummed in camp and sung in action of all the old-time songs during the war of 1863. 'Canned music will give to the boys at the front much of their entertainment evenings to come,' added Mr. Parsons. 'The phonographic records will cheer many groups. And they will have programs provided by the stars of the operatic world and other entertainers who may not give to them their cheer first hand.'

## Would Use Water for Fuel.

Recently an inventor attracted considerable attention by claiming to have isolated a certain green chemical, the addition of which to water would make the water a substitute for gasoline in initial-combustion engines. Now comes another inventor with a process for utilizing water as an automobile fuel. He points to the well-known fact that water is decomposed into its elements, hydrogen and oxygen, when a current of electricity passes through it. Hydrogen mixed with air is more explosive than gasoline vapor. In his patented device the inventor would convert part of the power generated by the automobile engine into electrical energy, which he would use to decompose water. The hydrogen of the decomposed water he proposes to use to run the engine, securing enough surplus power in the cycle to drive the car.

## Knows When to Quit.

Handled intelligently, a mule is a most willing worker; but there are a few unwritten laws that cannot be transgressed with impunity. A mule will seldom make more than two attempts to move a load. On the first strain he will throw his whole force into the collar, and a mule can pull 50 per cent more in relation to his weight than a horse. Science is again dumb at the question whence comes that latent force which neither horse nor ass possesses. After a short rest the mule will make a second attempt, but this is seldom as sustained as the first. If the load still refuses to move the team might as well be unhitched. At times the mules will not even exert enough force on a third attempt to move an empty wagon.

## Yielding to Necessity.

There is, as Cleantes pointed out, such a thing as a "noble yielding to necessity," which is accounted divine. A man must, of course, be convinced that what he yields to is in truth necessity. But when that is clear there should be no repining, and no fear of what "others may say." Until it is clear there should be no yielding. The poet, who was sad because he could not paint a picture, and the painter who mourned because he could not write a poem, were surely most unreasonable. They clearly knew nothing of the doctrine of diversity of gifts. The doctrine is not only true but in the highest degree, consoling and cheering.—Exchange.

## "TICKLED HIM IN THE EYE"

Man Accused of Assaulting Fellow Passenger on Street Car Explains Cause of Trouble.

"I am altogether too busy seeking work to spend a moment seeking trouble," explained a passenger who was yanked off a New York street car by a policeman. The passenger contended that he should not be arrested.

"That fellow there started this fight by gawkin' at me for ten minutes," he explained, pointing to another passenger standing beside the officer. "I saw him looking at me or just beyond me, and every now and then he'd shake his head and sigh as if he thought it was too bad I was alive. I didn't know what was the matter with him, and finally I went over to him and asked him. It was when he told me that I gave him the clip in the eye. I thought he was trying to be fresh."

"What did he say?" asked the cop. "I asked him what he was gawking at and he said he was worrying about his son. I felt kinda sorry for him for a minute thinking he hadn't been looking at me at all, and asked him what was the matter with his son. Then he pulled a big sigh and said his son had ears like mine. So I just tickled him in the eye."

For which tickle the passenger was haled to the house with the green light.

## HAD FOUGHT IN 132 BATTLES

And Now Grandson of Garibaldi, After Battling All Over the World, Is With Allies' Forces.

In the *Cornhill Magazine* appears a remarkable interview with the grandson and namesake of the famous Italian liberator, Garibaldi, now fighting on the Col de Lana, says the *London Globe*. His father brought up his seven sons to look to bear their traditional part in the fight for freedom, in which he foresaw Europe would be engaged. Giuseppe, in particular, was told, "Some day you will be needed in Europe. Until then make yourself ready by taking part in every war you can."

Consequently, up to the breaking out of the present war he had fought on 132 battlefields, not counting skirmishes. When the war began he had just come through a Mexican revolution, and was in New York with Ricotte. Menoth was in China on a railroad engineering staff, Saute on the Assouan Dam, Bruno on a sugar plantation in Cuba, while the youngest, Constanza and Ezia, were at their studies in Italy, while their sister, Italia, was organizing Red Cross work in Rio de Janeiro, but they were called by cable from their father to rendezvous in Paris.

## SCOTLAND YARD'S NEW BOSS.

Scotland Yard would appear to be governed in these days by a mythical lady who always manages to keep in the background. Several inquirers have been informed of late that "Dora" makes it impossible for their requests to be granted. "Dora" is always in evidence. She won't let you do this and she objects to that, but always quite politely. Who is Dora? Who is she, that bold, bad men condemn her? The secret leaked out recently. She is nothing more dreadful than the official name for the defence of the realm act.—London Chronicle.

## FOREWARNED.

Mrs. Youngbride—I don't want to have any trouble with you, Bridget.

Cook—Then, bedad, ma'am, let me hear no complaints.

## MEANS WANTING.

"The German soldiers can no longer make a clean sweep in their attacks." "Why not?" "They are out of soap."

## MISNOMER.

"The new play is called 'The Last Stand.'"

"Then how can they expect it to have a run?"

## NOT A THING.

"I confess I felt cheap." "You're getting out of step with the times, old chap. Nothing is cheap nowadays."

## WOMANLIKE.

Mrs. Newlywed—And, dear, drop in at Dacy's and see if you can match this silk. If it's so common I don't want any more of it.

## ABANDON FOOD PREJUDICES

## Don't Be Finicky

I'm willing to try new foods. Certain plentiful and nourishing foods widely used and enjoyed in one section are practically unknown in other sections of the country. Learn to know ALL the good things; not a few only.

People too easily get into food ruts—insist on eating only the food they are used to and refuse to give a fair trial to others. This causes undue demand for certain staples, with resulting scarcity or high prices when crops are short. At the same time other valuable foods may be relatively cheap and available. A striking instance of this is failure fully to appreciate rice—a valuable source of starch—when potatoes are scarce and high. Another example is refusal in certain sections to use anything but wheat as a breadstuff when corn—a valuable cereal widely used elsewhere as a breadstuff—is plentiful and relatively cheap.

## Cook Food Properly

Learn how to cook all kinds of staple foods and to serve them in a variety of ways. Simple dishes well prepared are better than expensive foods badly cooked.

Many persons are prejudiced against certain good foods because, when first tried, the foods were improperly cooked or prepared.

Remove from your vocabulary "don't like" or "can't eat."

Most individual prejudices against widely popular foods either imaginary or baseless.

Try to like every simple food; give it a fair trial.

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MAKE SAVING, RATHER THAN SPENDING, YOUR SOCIAL STANDARD

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Gas is Reliable  
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INCORPORATED.

## KENTUCKY FAIRS.

Following are the dates of Kentucky fairs as far as reported to us. Secretaries are requested to correct any errors of omissions:

Hodgenville, Sept. 4, 3 days.  
Bowling Green, Sept. 5, 4 days.  
California, Sept. 5, 4 days.  
Kentucky State Fair, Louisville, Sept. 10, 6 days.  
Scottsville, Sept. 13, 3 days.  
Murray, Sept. 26, 4 days.  
Paducah, October 2, 4 days.

## Institutional Treatment of Tuberculosis

means that the patient is given constant attention; that the regime which is found to be best adapted to the case is rightly adhered to; that a resident physician is at hand all of the time, studying the case and adapting the treatment to it; that nursing service is the best. All of these things mean improvement, greater comfort and possible recovery. Hazelwood is operated without profit by the Louisville Anti-Tuberculosis Association. Rates \$12.50 a week. Write for detailed information.

## Hazelwood Sanatorium

Station E DR. O. L. MILLER, Physician in Charge LOUISVILLE, KY

## How Trees Grow.

Tree trunks do not grow in length between the tap root and the lowest branch. Also the tap root when cut off at a specific length always remains the same length, for it is but the trunk or body below the soil. Both root and body may branch, or lengthen by new leaders.

## The Mexican's Hat.

It appears that the Mexican sombrero is its owner's pride, and that he expends more money and greater care in the selection of his hat than any other item of his wardrobe. He may be quite poor, but he will spare no expense for his headgear. He will cheerfully lay down for the purchase of a hat he covets the savings of a long period, the fruit of much toil, and all for a queer-looking sugar-loaf, wide-brimmed, heavily corded hat. Many a shabbily dressed greaser wears a \$50 hat.

## Fifty-Fifty.

Passing a hand over his forehead, the worried drill-sergeant paused for breath as he surveyed the knock-kneed recruit. Then he pointed a scornful finger. "No," he declared, "you're hopeless. You'll never make a soldier. Look at you now. The top 'alf of your legs is standin' to attention, an' the bottom 'alf is standin' at ease!"—Tit-Bits.

## Ponder This.

Happiness comes to us by degrees. We have to bite through the bread before we reach the chicken in the sandwich.—Indianapolis Star.

## Advice Like Snow.

Advice is like snow; the softer it falls, the longer it dwells upon and the deeper it sinks into the mind.—Coleridge.

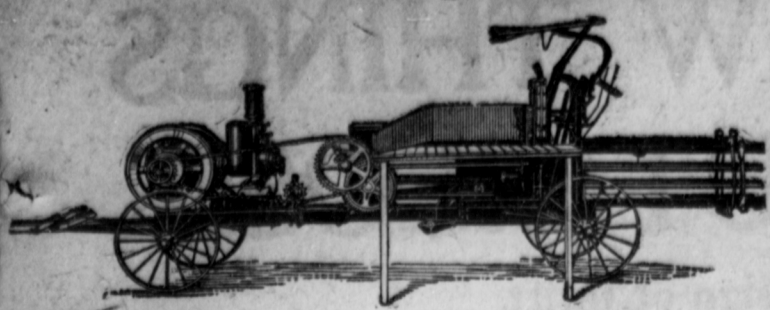
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### EVOLUTION OF THE ALPHABET

It Grew From Pictures By Which Men First Wrote and Required Ages For Its Completion.

No one really knows all about where the alphabet came from, because it grew very slowly, like children and every other good thing in the world. But we know quite well that no ingenious man sat down and made the alphabet, and we know quite well, too, that the alphabet began as pictures.

Just as a child reads or takes things in by pictures long before it can read letters, so men used to read and write by pictures; and then these pictures were gradually made simpler and simpler until at last they could be used in every and any way, as our letters can. We know that the letter O was at first the picture of an eye, and that gradually men made the picture plainer, until at last they drew an O. The letter I was once a picture of a house; and very likely a capital A may have been at first the picture of a pyramid.

Ages and ages ago in Egypt men used both kinds of writing, says the Kansas City Star. The priests used the oldest kind, which was the pictures. This was called the sacred writing, in which the pictures were turned into letters. Not very many years ago men tried in vain to read the old sacred picture writing of the Egyptians, but they could not. Then they found the wonderful Rosetta stone, and this had written upon it the same thing three times—once in the pictures and once in the letters, and also once in other letters, and so men got the key to picture writing, and now it can be read easily.

### TOOK PARROT BY MISTAKE

Country Gentleman Who Had Dined and Wined Too Well Couldn't Find His Lantern in Morning.

A certain gentleman living in the country, who was something of a bon viveur, was invited to dinner by a neighbor. The night was very dark, and in order to guide him on his way he took with him the stable lantern, a clumsy old thing bound round with wires. The gentleman reached his friend's house in safety and enjoyed himself extremely. The dinner was good and the wine excellent.

Presently the hour for the return journey arrived. He forgot to relight his lantern, but though the moon refused to shine he arrived home all right. On the following morning he could not find his precious lantern, so he sent his gardener with a note to his friend couched in the following terms: "Dear Jones: Will you kindly return to the bearer the stable lantern which I left at your house last night?"

"Yours sincerely,  
"J. R. ROBINSON."  
He received the following reply: "Dear Robinson: I am returning the lantern, but will you kindly send back the parrot and its cage you took away with you last night instead of your lantern? Yours sincerely,  
"E. P. JONES."

### America's Panorama.

See New York with her skyscrapers that lust for the clouds like the Tower of Babel; Niagara roaring in exultation and shining in the crisp winter sunlight through a veil of diamond dust; the Pacific pounding on the golden sands of California; Pittsburgh with her furnaces glaring at night against the April rain clouds; the Mississippi, mighty as the mightiest of gods, surging past sleepy southern villages, where of a Sunday morning the church bells stir the heart to vague, sweet longings; New Orleans with Canal street gay of a Saturday night and the moonlight shimmering on the white excursion boats beside the levee; Mackinac's white fort on the hilltop and the whisper of the Michigan pine woods; old Charleston, the clock of St. Michael's chiming the hours about the churchyard; Boston and Lexington and Concord, where at every turn there is a token of the pride that cannot die; West Point when the sunset gun echoes from the hills and the flag comes down.—Charles Phelps Cushing in Travel.

### Not All So Harmless.

The part of Father Christmas may be easily overacted, as a certain town councillor would be the first to admit. He had been asked to take part in the annual treat to the old folk at the local workhouse. Made up as the ancient gentleman beloved of the children, he went, and for a time his pranks and antics delighted the company.

Then a scrap of conversation he chanced to overhear scarcely added to the worthy councillor's enjoyment. "Ain't 'e enjoyin' of 'imself?" remarked one aged inmate to another. "Wot a treat it is for the likes of 'e! But why can't they let all the loonies out on a night like this?"

"Well," came the reply, "mebbe they ain't all so harmless as this'n."

### Be Quiet.

"Study to be quiet"—that is, study to dismiss all bustle and worry out of your inward life. Study also to "do your own business," and do not try to do the business of other people. A great deal of "creaturely activity" is expended in trying to do other people's business. It is often hard to "sit still" when we see our friends, according to our ideas, mismanaging matters, and making such dreadful blunders. But the divine order, as it is also the best human order as well, is for each one of us to do our own business, and to refrain from meddling with the business of anyone else.—Exchange.

### FULFILLS PROPHET'S VISION

War's Flying Hosts Recall Isaiah's Words, "To the Land That Is Shadowing Dark With Wings."

Charles A. Dana, whose brilliancy as its editor made the New York Sun "shine for all," visited Jerusalem, says Gerard in the Philadelphia Ledger. He wrote afterward of the extraordinary material fulfillment of biblical prophecy wherein it was foretold that man should some day come up to the Holy City "behind a swaying furnace."

The little Baldwin locomotives upon its crooked track gave a good imitation of a "swaying furnace" that bright February day I ascended from Jaffa to Zion.

But that has nothing to do with airplanes, which is what I meant to write about. There are 50,000 airplanes hovering over the armies in Europe, and the United States may send over that many more.

Now turn to your Bible and read how old Jerusalem foresaw these flocks of winged men.

"Behold, he shall fly as an eagle and spread his wings." So said Jeremiah.

Hosea also took a mental photograph centuries upon centuries ago of this human bird: "He shall come like an eagle against the house of the Lord."

Zachariah, too, had a similar vision, and he beheld "two women, and the wind was in their wings."

But it was grand old Isaiah who pictured accurately what the Wright brothers were going to do thousands of years before they did it:

"The stretching out of his wings shall fill the breadth of thy land, Immanuel."

Can you put upon canvas a more graphic picture of those 50,000 air-men over the battlefields than did Isaiah: "To the land that is shadowing dark with wings?"

Is it any wonder that the old prophet inquired: "Who are these who fly as a cloud?"

### A LONG WAY OFF



"So you're not going to marry me after all?"

"Oh! I may. I may marry you after all the rest."

### SUBSTITUTES FOR LEATHER.

Owing to the scarcity of hides and skins and the increased demand for leather, many skins are now being tanned that were formerly considered to be worthless as leather. Thus today we find that the hides of whales and skins of fish are being converted into a marketable product.

As a result of the scarcity of hides and skins, various substitutes have been brought forward, so that we have imitation leather for furniture and automobile leather mats and glaze-finished linoleum products to take the place of upper leather, and finally several sole-leather substitutes. With all of these, however, the old saying holds good: There is nothing like leather.

### NOTHING NEW.

"Are those jars you are putting your preserves in, sterilized ones, Mrs. Jay?"

"Oh, no; just common glass."

### NEVER TOO OLD.

Miss Plain—Ma says I'm too young to marry.

Miss Pert—Well, you won't be by the time you get a proposal.

### HONESTY'S IDEA.

"Do you believe honesty pays?" "Most assuredly; though I will admit that it is very modest in its idea of compensation."

### A NOM DE PLUME.

"So you are an author and wrote this book, Mr. Hogg? Then why is the author's name Steve Sty?" "Oh, that's my pen name."

### ALL REQUIREMENTS OF HERO

Meriwether Lewis, President Jefferson's Secretary, Had Qualifications Demanded in Fiction.

When a writer comes to the fashioning of a hero usually he wants a tall young man—the ladies love that sort. Meriwether Lewis was a tall young man, goodly in inches and in thews. A hero must have courage, or the ladies will not like him. What hero of fact or fiction ever showed more courage than he did? I question if Christopher Columbus ever needed more courage or ever showed more than Meriwether Lewis.

A hero must be a trifle of an elegant also, else the ladies will not like him. Meriwether Lewis was once called "a splendid dandy." He was not only President Thomas Jefferson's business assistant, but his social secretary as well, and arbiter of good form in the early days of Washington.

The ladies like a hero with a past, with a certain air of melancholy about him. No author need imagine these things for Meriwether Lewis—there was mystery and romance in all his life. Dead at thirty-five years of age, he died as he had lived, surrounded still with a very halo of mystery, enveloped in a splendid reticence which shielded him against all the world. That mystery exists even today. The full story of his life has never been told, and may never be told. In short, he was a hero, with all the elements of heroism. Of him certainly it might be written that he lived always a gentleman unafraid. Officer, gentleman, soldier, statesman, born leader and born lover—why imagine heroes when such as this exist!—Emerson Hough in Southern Woman's Magazine.

### FIJIAN RACE IS DYING OUT

South Sea Islanders No Longer Savages and Cannibals But Humorous, Good-Natured Loafers.

The Fiji islands abound in reputation. To our grandparents they were the last word in barbarism, a smudge for anything at once remote and terrible, a place where missionaries got staved—by the cannibals—and clothes were worn not at all.

The general impression of the South Sea Islands as a wild and degenerate part of the world was softened and illumined by the writings of Mark Twain about Hawaii and by Robert Louis Stevenson's essays from Samoa. But no one wrote anything important about the Fijians, and that is why the islands and people today are so very different from what you would expect to find them.

The Fijians are not only no longer savages and cannibals, but they are fast disappearing altogether. Hindus, Englishmen and Samoans are the toilers of the islands. The fierce Solomon Islander is seen here, too, but is more apt to be hunting your laundry than your head. The Fijian, still distinguished by the frizzled aureole of his hair and the scantiness of his attire, is a humorous, good-natured loafer. His native island is rapidly being taken away from him by more industrious peoples, and his race is dying out; but these things worry him not at all. He lives by the fish of his rivers and the wild fruit of the jungle, and by the skill of his wife in pottery and other handicrafts. He has given up cannibalism in deference to popular opinion. It is true, but in other ways he still lives his life much as he pleases, which is more than most of us ever achieve.

### Navel Orange From Bahia.

It was from a plantation near Bahia, so far as can be determined, that the budded trees were obtained through which the navel orange wood was introduced into the United States. Several were shipped to the United States department of agriculture. Trees were grown in the department greenhouses, and others propagated from them were distributed to California and Florida. The variety proved to be unsuited to Florida conditions, but in California it is very productive and highly valued. Almost the entire present planting of the variety in that state, according to a writer in the Scientific American, can be traced directly back to two of the trees sent there by the department of agriculture in 1873.

### Nation's Defense.

The wealth of a nation must be defended as well as constructed. . . . Even if the days of absolute conquest are past, there are yet a thousand liabilities to violent encroachment on the honor and rights of a people which they cannot be passive under without sacrificing a national spirit and well-nigh dissolving the bonds of government itself. But where lies the strength of a nation's defense? In such things as money purchases—ships; fortifications and magazines of war? No. The real public bulwarks of a nation are . . . public love, wisdom, and high command, attachment to home and bravery.—Horace Bushnell.

### Night Owls Are Safe.

A celebrated scientist, who has made a lifelong study of different forms of bacteria, recently made the interesting announcement that there are more microbes in the air at nine o'clock in the morning and at nine o'clock at night than during any other periods of the day. He says that he has also discovered that the percentage of microbes in the atmosphere is less at three o'clock in the morning and at three o'clock in the afternoon than at any other times.

### OLD CUSTOMS ARE RETAINED

Some Scottish and Welsh Regiments Keep Up Curious Ceremonies on Certain Anniversaries.

On anniversaries and special occasions most Scottish regiments keep up a curious custom called "kissing the quach." This is a shallow cup with two handles, which, toward the end of the dinner, is handed to each officer in turn full of liquor. Custom decrees that the vessel must be drained at a gulp, after which the holder twists it upside down and kisses the bottom to show that it is empty.

In Welsh regiments, on St. David's day, every subaltern who has joined since the last anniversary has to "pass the leek" that evening at mess. That is to say, he eats one of these not too nice smelling vegetables raw, while the regimental drummers sound a fanfare, and his brother officers cheer him ironically. Some few regiments still keep up the custom of placing on the mess table at dinner the "regent's wine," as it is called, one bottle of port and sherry. This is a legacy from George IV, who, when he was regent, decreed that every regiment should have two bottles of wine to drink his health at his expense. In most corps nowadays, however, the money is credited to the general mess fund.

### PRESS BUTTONS FOR CARPETS

European Inventor Devises System Similar to That Used in the Fastening of Gloves.

The press button system with which we are familiar in gloves and garments has been applied by a European inventor for fixing carpets, tapestry, hangings and the like, says the Scientific American. For instance, a small spring socket is inserted flush with the floor, and the carpet carries a corresponding projection, so that all that is needed to lay a carpet or rug is to push the buttons into the sockets.

Again, the projections are mounted along a stout tape band and the sockets on another, quite like the usual pressure buttons. One tape is sewed to the rug and another can be tacked down upon an already laid carpet, so that the rug can be laid or removed instantly.

Hangings can be put on the walls in the same way. Curtains or portieres can also be mounted, and all such material can be at once removed for cleaning. In case of fire valuable hangings can be saved.

### MAKING NAVIGATION SAFE.

The completeness with which the army engineers are robbing the Mississippi of its terrors is shown by the complaint of "Uncle" Memford, one of Mark Twain's river friends:

"When there used to be 4,000 steamboats and 10,000 acres of coal barges and rafts and trading scows; there wasn't a lantern from St. Paul to New Orleans and the snags were thicker than bristles on a hog's back; and now, when there's three dozen steamboats and navy barges and rafts, the government has snatched out all of the snags and lit up the shores like Broadway and a boat's as safe as she would be in heaven."

### IN THE FAR SUBURBS.

"So your new cook came this afternoon. Do you think you can keep her long?"

"Well, she can't get any train back now until tomorrow morning."

### FITTING IN.

"Those politicians seem inclined to use circus methods." "No wonder; don't you see they are peanut politicians?"

### DOUBLE TROUBLE.

"Busy days for my wife." "How so?" "Has to keep her white shoes powdered as well as her face."

### NOT BY ITS UMPIRE.

Dorothy—What is meant by stealing a base? Henry—Why, it's a sort of dishonest robbery.

### INGRATITUDE.

"She married him because he saved her life." "Well, I always said she had a pitiful disposition."

### A WOMAN'S VIEW.

He—It is hard to ask for bread and get a stone! She—It is worse to ask for a stone and get paste.



## PENNYROYAL FAIR AWARDS

## AGRICULTURAL AWARDS.

Best 10 ears white corn—First, 2.50, Ryan Mason; 2d, \$1.00, W. H. Burke.  
 Best single ear white corn—First, \$1.50, W. H. Burke; 2d \$1, Edmund Walker.  
 Best 10 years yellow corn—First, \$2.50; Hugh Henry; 2d, \$1, E. K. Severance.  
 Best single ear yellow corn—First, \$2.50, Hugh Henry; 2d, 1 bus. meal, E. K. Severance.  
 Best peck wheat—1 bbl. Silver Sea Sour, W. Carver Smithson.  
 Best peck Irish potatoes—\$5 cut glasse article, H. L. Pendleton.  
 Best bunch rye—10 gal. gasoline, Bullock Rhea.  
 Best bunch sweet clover—\$5 in merchandise, Joe Mason.  
 Best bunch soy beans—\$2.50, B. H. Carroll.  
 Largest Pumpkin—First, \$5 suit, Marion Garnett; 2d, \$2 cap, H. L. Pendleton.  
 Largest watermelon—\$2 worth of coffee, G. Crabtree.  
 Champion ear corn, any variety—First \$2.50, Hugh Henry. 2d, 50c, W. H. Burke.  
 Best bunch oats—First \$1, Y. G. Jones.  
 Best bunch red clover—First, \$1, I. G. Crabtree; 2d, 50c, Raymond Yancey.  
 Best bunch crimson clover—First, \$1, W. O. King; 2d, 50c, Bullock Rhea.  
 Best bunch Alfalfa—First, \$1, M. H. Carroll; 2d, 50c, G. I. Crabtree.  
 Best bunch cow Peas—First, \$1, Edmund Walker; 2d, 50c, G. I. Crabtree.  
 Best bunch timothy—First, \$1, Bullock Rhea; 2d, 50c, M. H. Carroll.  
 Best bunch herds grass—First; \$1, Raymond Yancey; 2d, 50c B. H. Carroll.  
 Best bunch orchard grass—First, \$1, B. H. Carroll; 2d, 50c, Raymond Yancey.  
 Best bunch blue grass—First, \$1, B. H. Carroll; 2d, 50c, Raymond Yancey.  
 Best plate tomatoes—First, \$1, Mrs. T. A. King; 2d, 50c, Mrs. W. H. Nixon.  
 Best plate peaches—First, \$1, Mrs. W. H. West; 2d, 50c, L. F. Wade.  
 Best plate grapes—First, \$1, Mrs. Norman Mellon; 2d, 50c, Marion Garnett.  
 Best plate apples—First, \$1, Marion Garnett; 2d, 50c, L. F. Wade.  
 Best plate pears—First, \$1, L. F. Wade; 2d, 50c; Mrs. R. K. McClen-don.  
 Embroidered pillow case, Mrs. Alexander Tribble, Danville, Ky.  
 Pillow cases and tatting, Mrs. Fannie Cleveland, Lexington.  
 Towel, crochet, Miss Gladys, Griffith, Lawrenceburg, Ky.  
 Towel, tatting, Mrs. Fannie Cleveland, Lexington.  
 Towel, embroidered, Mrs. W. P. Vickers.  
 Towel, cross stitch, Miss Zilpah Christ, Shepherdsville.  
 Lunch cloth, embroidered, special, Mrs. Alex Tribble, Danville, Ky.  
 Lunch cloth, crochet, Mrs. Cora Melton, Marion.  
 Napkins, initial, Miss Gladys Griffith, Lawrenceburg.  
 Dresser scarf embroidered, Mrs. Alex Tribble, Danville.  
 Dresser scarf, crochet, Miss Gladys Griffith, Lawrenceburg.  
 Table runner, embroidered, Mrs.

Gano Bullard.  
 Table runner, crochet, Western State Hospital  
 Centerpiece, tatting, Miss Cora Melton.  
 Centerpiece, embroidered, Western State Hospital.  
 Centerpiece, drawn work, Mrs. J. M. Starling.  
 Centerpiece, crochet, special, Mrs. Will Johnson, Gracey.  
 Centerpiece and 6 mats, Mrs. J. W. Richardson, Lexington.  
 Centerpiece, crochet edge, Western State Hospital.  
 Crochet Dinner set, Mrs. Mary Thomas.  
 Underskirt, embroidered, Mrs. P. C. Sallee.  
 Corset cover, embroidered, Miss Lula Pyle, Bowling Green.  
 Gown, embroidered, Mrs. C. A. Cundiff.  
 Combination suit, Mrs. Howard Stowe.  
 Gown, crochet, yoke, Mrs. C. H. Hargis, Franklin, Ky.  
 Corset cover, tatting, Mrs. J. T. Jones.  
 Combination suit, crochet yoke, Mrs. Gano Bullard.  
 French embroidery waist, Miss Lula Pyle, Bowling Green.  
 Eyelet embroidery, Western State Hospital.  
 Four pieces embroidery, French, Hardanger, Wallachian and Montmellick, Miss Zilpah Christ, Shepherdsville.  
 Brierstitching, Mrs. Gus Breathitt.  
 Embroidered sofa Pillow, Mrs. L. G. Cannon, Georgetown, Ky.

**BEST INDIVIDUAL DISPLAYS.**  
 First prize, \$35, to Mrs. W. L. Fulcher, second, \$25, to W. T. Dougherty; third, \$15 to W. R. Brumfield; fourth, \$10, to H. P. Rives.  
**BEST MARKET EXHIBITS.**  
 First prize, \$25, and 2nd, \$10, both to W. R. Brumfield.

**FLORAL HALL AWARDS.**  
**CULINARY.**  
 Brown bread, Mrs. W. S. Davison.  
 Light bread, salt rising, Mrs. J. F. Danforth.  
 Light rolls, Mrs. J. C. Eades.  
 Beaten biscuit, Miss Nannie Lee Campbell.  
 Soda biscuit, Mr. J. C. Eades.  
 Angle food cake, Mrs. Chas. M. Meacham.  
 Devils food cake, Miss Mary Eades.  
 Pound cake, Mrs. W. S. Davison.  
 Spice cake, Mrs. S. L. Cowherd.  
 White cake, caramel filling, Mrs. Jesse Ford.  
 White Cake, coconut filling, Mrs. J. T. Garrett.  
 White cake, chocolate filling, Mrs. E. N. Fruit.  
 Ginger cakes, Miss Mary Jackson.  
 Tea cakes, Mrs. J. W. Wilkins.  
 Doughnuts, Miss Christine Clark.  
 Egg kisses, Miss Thelma Crawley.  
 Oatmeal cookies, Mrs. Emmett Haydon.

**CULINARY, CHILDREN UNDER 16**  
 Cake, special, Miss Clyde Connell.  
 Soda biscuit, Miss Mary Eades.  
**SPECIAL AWARDS.**  
 Pound cake, Mrs. W. S. Davison.  
 Angel food cake, Mrs. L. E. Fowler.  
 Salt rising bread, Mrs. J. F. Danforth.

**NEEDLEWORK.**  
 Crazy silk quilt, Mrs. S. L. Cowherd.  
 Crazy worsted quilt, Mrs. J. T. Garrett.  
 Applique quilt, cotton, Mrs. Levi Cook, Marion, Ky.  
 Crochet bed spread, special, Mrs. Lucy Wood.  
 Crochet bed spread strips and blocks, Mrs. B. F. Vass.  
 Rag rug, cotton, Miss Fannie McRae.  
 Embroidered sheets, Miss Zilpah Christ, Shepherdsville, Ky.  
 Sheet, tatting, Mrs. J. T. Jones.  
 Sheet, crotchet, Mrs. J. W. Richardson, Lexington.  
 Pillow cases and crochet, Mrs. J. W. Richardson, Lexington.

**Why Rattlesnake Is Dangerous.**  
 The danger from rattlesnake poison lies in the fact that 95 per cent of it goes to the destruction of blood and tissue, while 5 per cent goes to nerves, shock. The venom of the Androdon snakes, the moccasin and copperhead, is not so dangerous, as it does equal, so less violent, damage to each. Some authorities attribute greater danger to the bite of Elaps, the coral snake, than to the rattler, but as the habitat of these snakes is limited in this country and their habits nocturnal and subterraneous, the danger is small.

HEAR THAT  
CALL TO BOOKS

## City Schools Open Fall Session Next Monday.

The city schools will open Monday on what promises to be a most successful year. Everything has been made ready for the opening and Prof. Koffman, of the High School, says that he will have the largest Freshman class ever enrolled in the history of the school. Special new apparatus and tables have been gotten for the laboratories and also some new equipment for the Domestic Science and Normal Training Departments. Last spring many of the students left before the school term was out to work on farms, but these have returned and have enrolled almost without exception.

CALDWELL MAN  
Buys a Fine Christian County Farm.

Thos. J. McReynolds effected his second big land deal in a week yesterday, selling the Ira C. Rhea farm east of town to Mr. F. E. White, of Caldwell county. Mr. White is proprietor of the Quarry View Stock Farm near Princeton and breeds Hereford cattle and Duroc hogs. He will move to his new home about Nov. 1st. The farm contains 200 acres. The price was private.

**Methodist Church.**  
 Dr. Lewis Powell, Pastor.  
 Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., J. H. Cate, Superintendent.  
 Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., Miss Bertha Turner, President.  
 Dr. Powell will preach at 10:45 a. m., on "The Child in the Midst," and at 7:30 p. m. on "Why People Who Know About the Gospel Are Not Christians."

Mr. Vratislav Mudroch, the Bohemian violinist, will render a solo at the morning service.  
 Rev. Paul Powell, son of Rev. Dr. Powell, has resigned his charge at Greenville and has gone into the army service of the Y. M. C. A. at the mobilization camp at Atlanta, Ga. Mr. Powell will have charge of one of the Y. M. C. A. buildings at the cantonment, and will have the religious charge of 5,000 men. He will have under him a physical director, and educational director and a special religious service director and other helpers in his division of the work.

It will be a pleasure to the many friends of Miss Katherine C. Follansby to learn that she will return next week from her vacation spent in New England and will resume her music class.

Mrs. Dennis Pierce has returned from a visit to relatives at Athens, Ala.

**Ben Eager Exempted.**  
 A new regulation of the selective draft law, issued this week, exempts hospital internes and medical students who had been more than one year at college. The war department is anxious not to interfere with the professional education of those whose services as doctors may be necessary before the close of the war. This ruling affects Benjamin Eager, a Hopkinsville boy, in his third year in a medical college and recently drafted.

**One-hundred-pound Thank Offering.**  
 What will Folkestone do with Sir Charles Wakefield's \$100 thank offering for escape from death in the recent raid? One of Sir Charles' predecessors in office, while in the Arabian desert, came face to face with a lion of parts. Down on his knees went the worldly knight in fervent prayer. The lion understood—or did not—and retreated supperless. Thereupon the pilgrim came home and gave £200 to the church of St. Katherine Cree, Lead-enhall street, where the Lion sermon is still preached on each anniversary of the escape, October 18.—London Daily Chronicle.

State of Ohio, city of Toledo, ss.  
 Lucas County.  
 Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.  
 FRANK J. CHENEY.  
 Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, 1918.  
 A. W. GLEASON,  
 Notary Public.  
 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.  
 F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
 Sold by all Druggists, 75c.  
 Take Hall's Family Kidney Pills for constipation.

## "A FEW THINGS ABOUT SILOS"

A silo is a sure sign of thrift.  
 Only the best farmers build them.  
 They save 40 per cent. of a corn crop.  
 Corn is now worth \$9.00 per barrel.  
 The stalks that produce a barrel of corn today are worth \$3.60 if put into a silo.  
 When you allow these stalks to dry up on the hill for fodder you lose about \$3.00 for every barrel of corn you produce.

You can't afford this awful waste.  
 If you raise a \$3.00 barrel corn crop you throw away \$900.00 by not converting it the stalk insilage.

It behooves every man in every business to save everything in times like these. The opposite course is not only foolish but wicked, for the world's food and feed supply is wholly inadequate.

We offer first class silos with plain lugs as follows:  
 10 ft. diameter, 24 ft. high .....\$145.00  
 12 ft. " 30 ft. high ..... 205.00

We offer 5 per cent. off for cash.  
 THIS OFFER GOOD AS LONG AS THEY LAST.

## Forbes Mfg. Co.

Incorporated.

## MARRIAGES.

**Sharber-Phillips.**  
 J. G. Sharber and Miss Addie Phillips, both of this county, were married at the Courthouse by Judge Knight Thursday.

**Barnes-Berry.**  
 Luther Barnes and Miss Bernice Berry were granted a license to wed Thursday.

**Keach-Bagby.**  
 A marriage license was issued Thursday to Hawkins Keach and Miss Myrtle Bagby.

**Fowler-Bagby.**  
 Grover C. Fowler secured a license Thursday to wed Miss Kate Bagby.

## Celery Shortage.

The celery crop in northern Indiana and southern Michigan is so small that a nation-wide shortage in celery is predicted by growers. The unsatisfactory weather prevented farmers from raising the usual crop. The first crop was only 65 per cent. normal.

## Seventy Lose Out.

Seventy storekeeper guagers will be thrown out of employment in the Fifth district when the food bill prohibiting the manufacture of grain into whisky becomes effective on Sept. 8, according to an unofficial statement.

## Banks Closed.

Next Monday is Labor Day and all the banks will be closed.

## For Rent.

Cottage on West 19th St.  
 Dr. Woodard.

## Buys Stock Farm.

J. P. Hanratty, of Bardstown, has purchased of T. J. McReynolds the farm five miles east of the city, known as the Silver Brook stock farm, and the new owner will take possession Oct. 1.

## Annual Fair Hop.

The annual fair hop at the armor Thursday night was largely attended and was a very brilliant affair, the climax of the week's festivities. Tandy's orchestra from Nashville made music. Visitors from far and near were present.

The government has ordered 1,074,000 gas masks.

H. K. Spellmeyer, aged 82, was stung to death by bees at Evansville.

## LADIES!

This is the Store For Everything You Wear.

Redfern Corsets,  
 Warner Corsets,  
 Muslin Underwear,  
 Knit Underwear,  
 Gordon Hose,  
 Gloves,  
 Coa Suits,  
 Dresses,  
 Rain Coats,  
 Kimonas.

Everything Ready Made

J. T. Edwards Co.  
 INCORPORATED



**WEAR OUR GLASSES**  
 And be sure that you are fitted properly  
**WE ARE EYE SPECIALISTS**  
**R. C. HARDWICK CO.**  
 TWO STORES.  
 Hopkinsville, Ky. Owensboro, Ky.